

A model to access geochronological data for the Geological Survey of Austria

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Introduction:

Since its beginnings in the 20th century, geochronology gives a unique possibility to give an absolute age to geological features. A wide range of methods allows for temporal constraints on geodynamic processes such as the emplacement of igneous rocks, metamorphic and tectonic events, cooling and exhumation of basement rocks as well as erosion and deposition of sediments.

Nowadays, the huge amount of available geochronological data provides a basis for geodynamic models and a modern understanding of the associated geological processes. However, the information is often scattered over several publications, buried in inaccessible articles from historical ("grey") literature or it does not meet modern standards (e.g. ages calculated using outdated decay constants). Thus, the collection and assessment of geochronological data is an essential, but time-consuming and reoccurring task for many geological projects. Additionally, best practice in scientific research calls for a meticulous documentation of new data to allow for the reproducibility of results.

To improve the accessibility and documentation of geochronological data at the Geological Survey of Austria, a project was set up to amalgamate geochronological data in a structured database. The data collection covers common dating methods and isotope systems including cosmogenic isotopes. To make them available as a point layer for geographic information systems (GIS), the data model assigns dated minerals from publications as well as the necessary background information of the samples to a geographical located point (GCHRON_number). The storage of the whole dataset allows, as simple as possible, a recalculation of geochronological data.

Data:

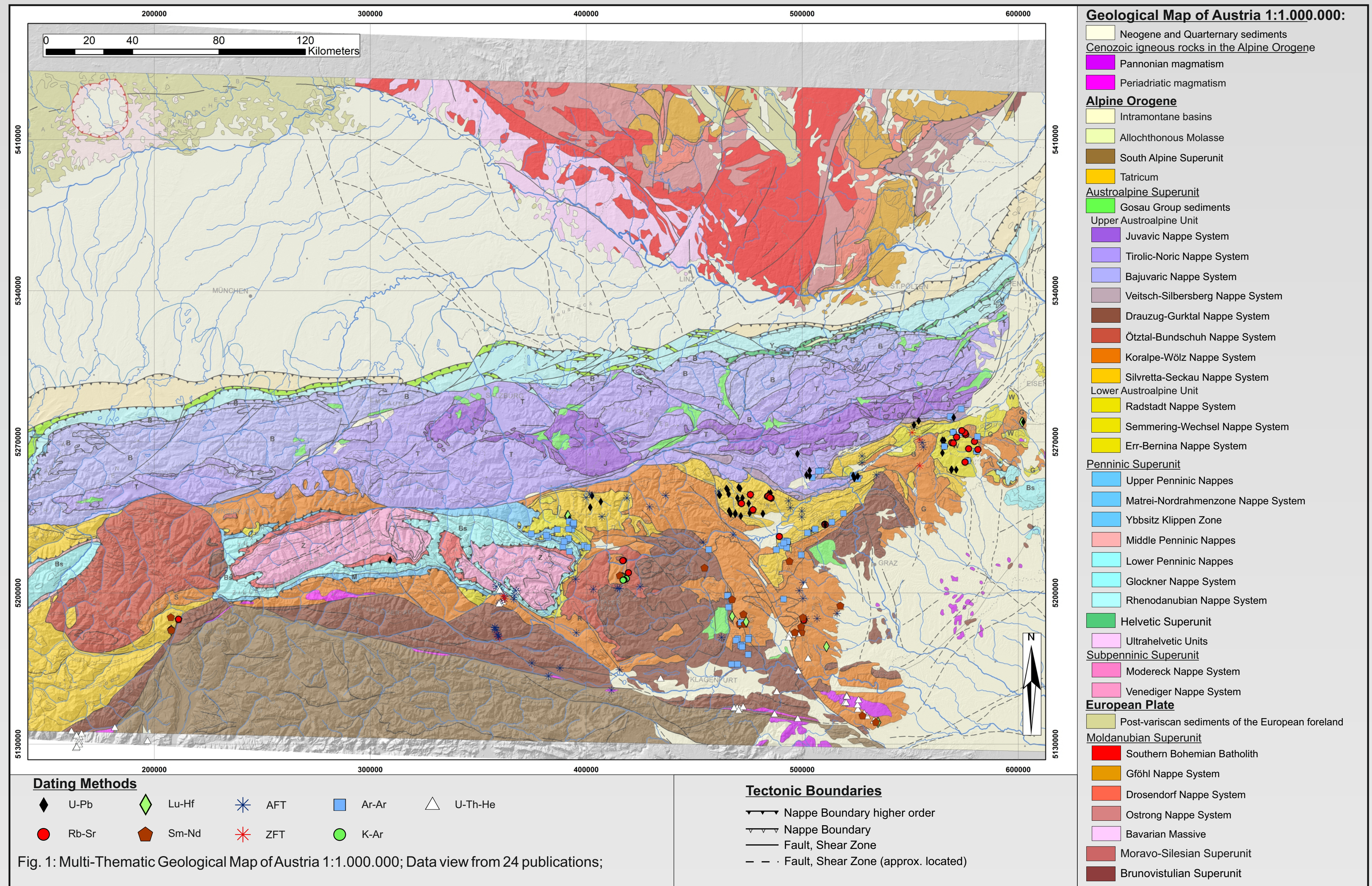


Fig. 1: Multi-Thematic Geological Map of Austria 1:1.000.000; Data view from 24 publications;

Implementation:

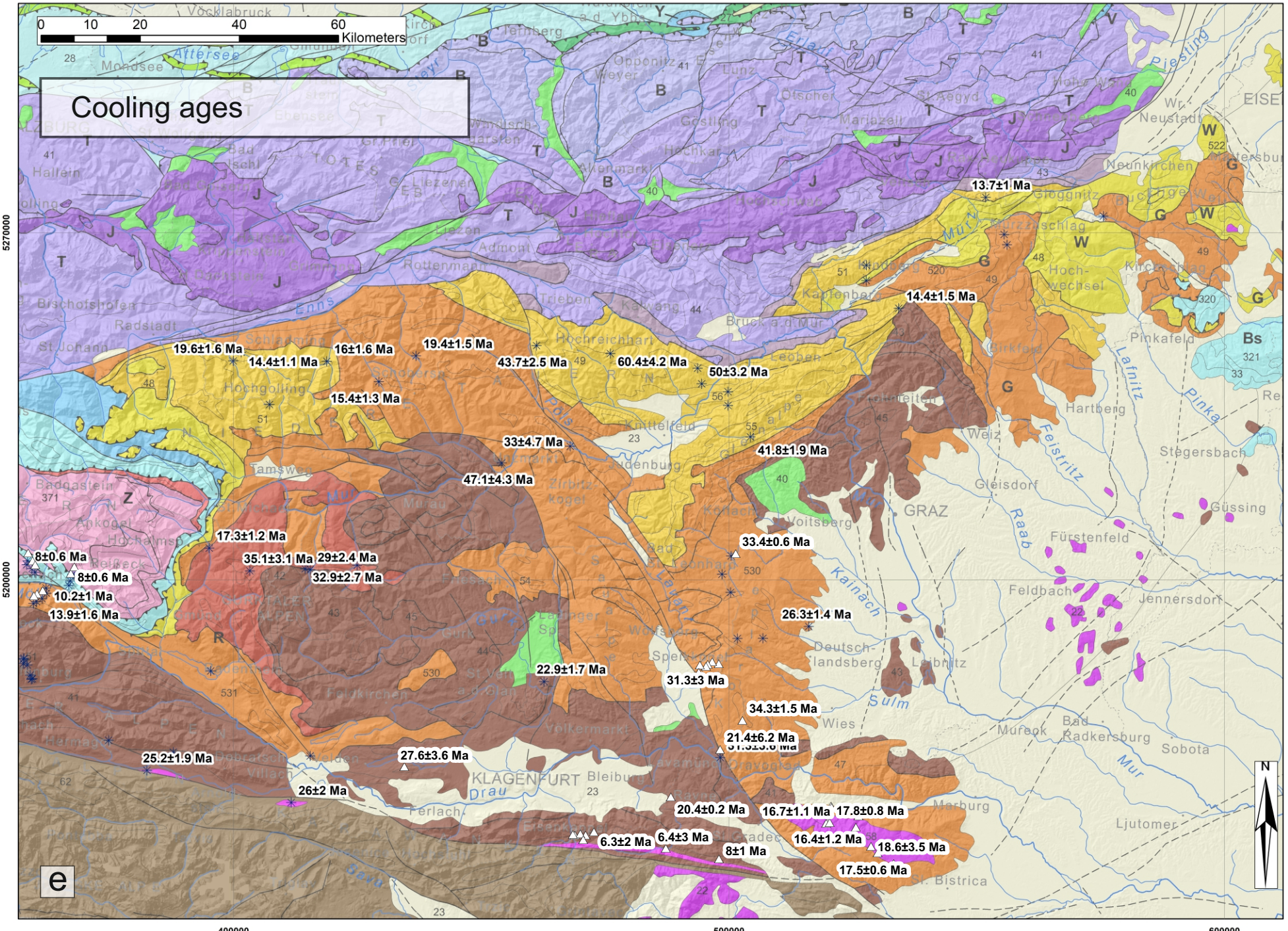
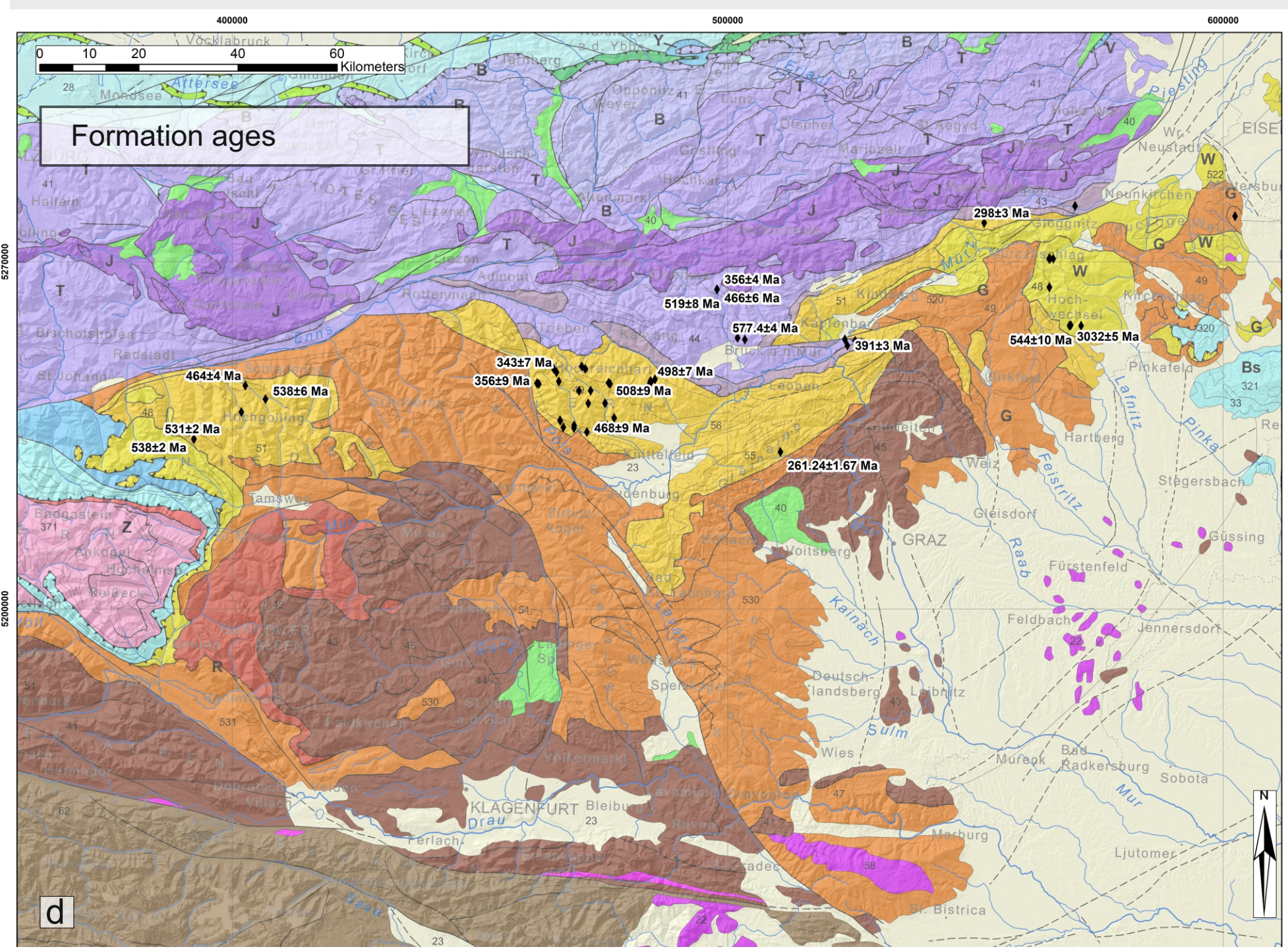
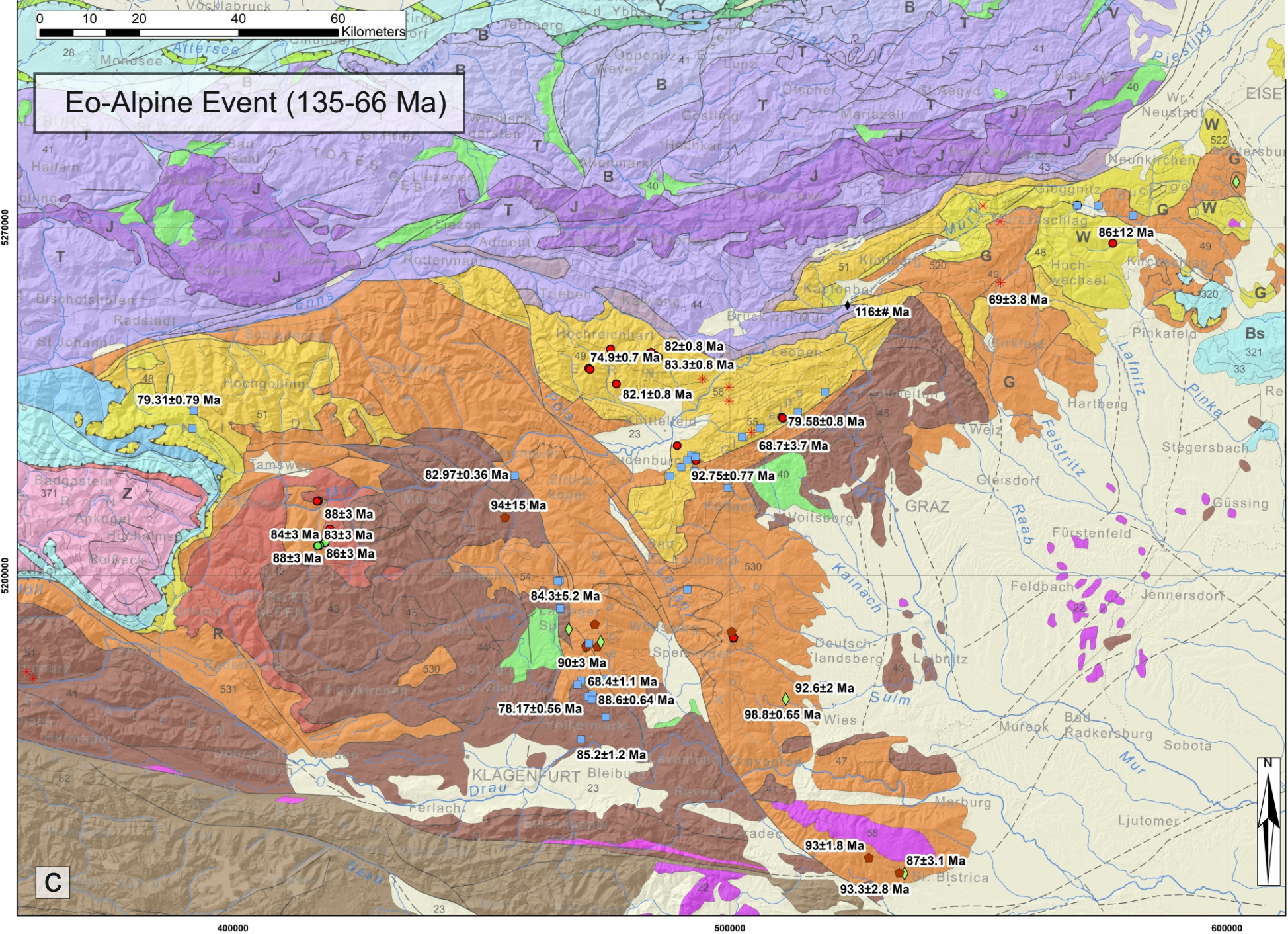
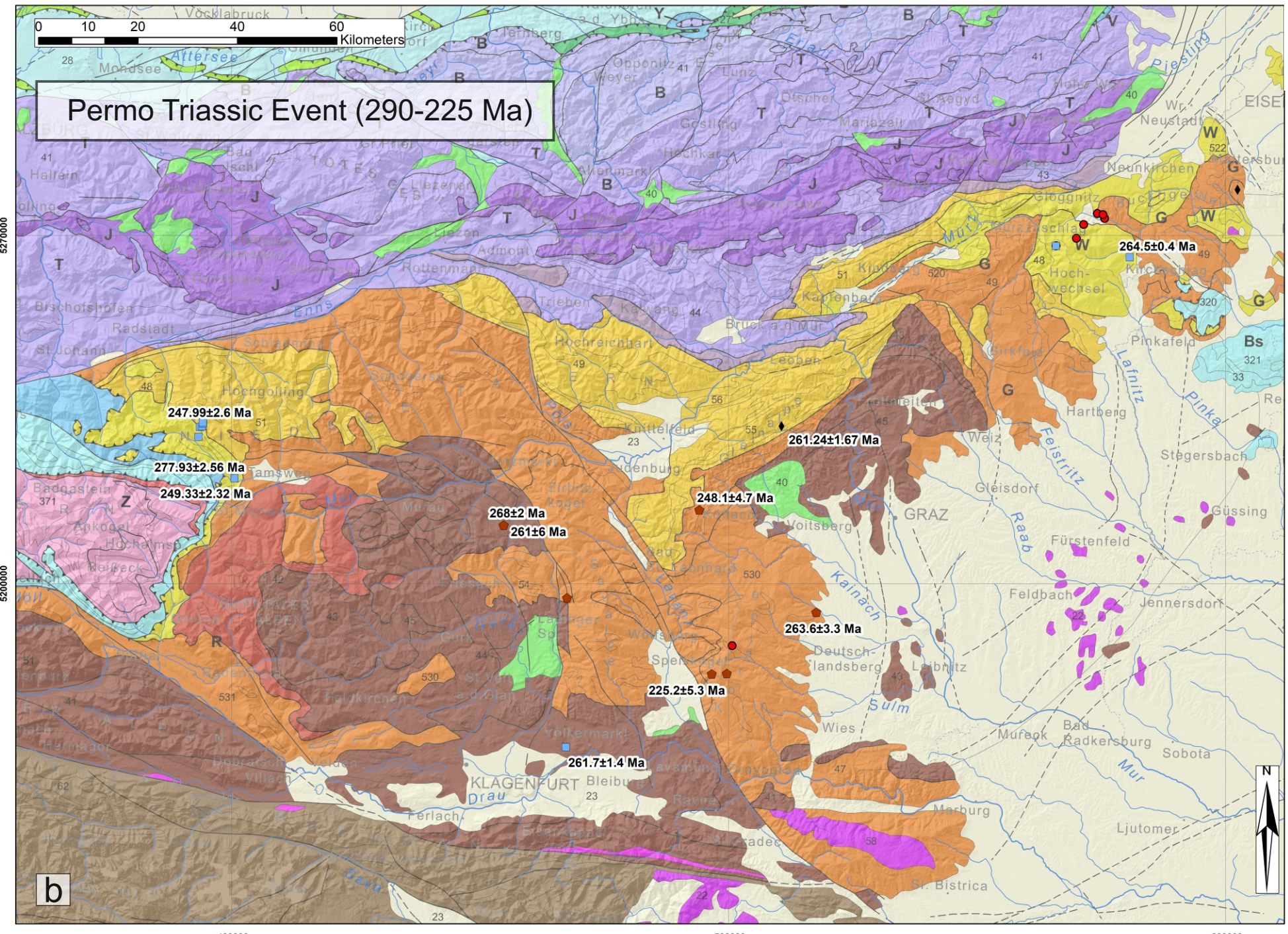
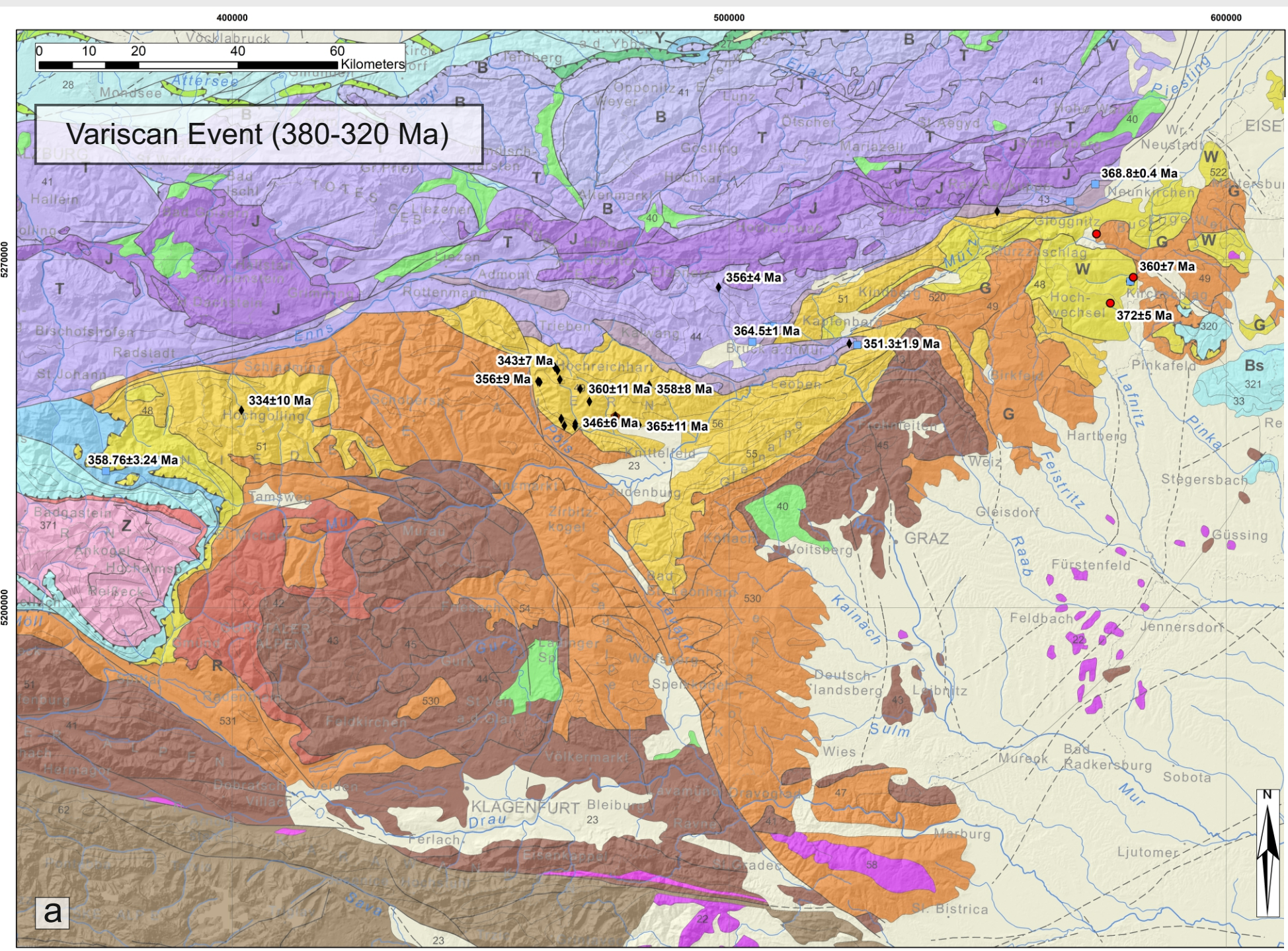


Fig. 3: ArcGIS query plotted on the Multi-Thematic Geological Map of Austria
a: Data related to the Variscan event (380-320 Ma)
b: Data from the Permo Triassic event (290-225 Ma)
c: Data assigned to the Eo-Alpine event (135-66 Ma) (nomenclature from Hintersberger et al., 2017).
d: Data interpreted as formation age: U-Pb dating method
e: Cooling ages, Apatite fission track & U-Th-He method

ID	USER	NR	A_USER	COMMENT	COORD	ELEVATION	LOKALITÄT	LITH_PUBL	URSPRNR	AV_PUBGEST_ID	ROCK	DECKENSYSTEM	TEKT_ID	AV_GCHRON_METH_ID	LITHSTRAT_PUBL	AV_GCHRON_METH	AV_MIN_ID	DAT_MATERIAL_DT	DAT_MAT_ABBREV	DAT_MATERIAL_ENGL	ALTER_MA	COMMENT_MATERIAL	FEHLER_MA_1SIGMA	FEHLER_MA_2SIGMA	AGE_AL	ALTER_A	FEHLER_A_1SIGMA	FEHLER_A_2SIGMA	COMMENT_AGE	KURZTITEL	DS_NR_OPAC	LANGZITAT	ID1	URL	
1

Fig. 4: Detail table for the Sm-Nd dating method.

Data structure:

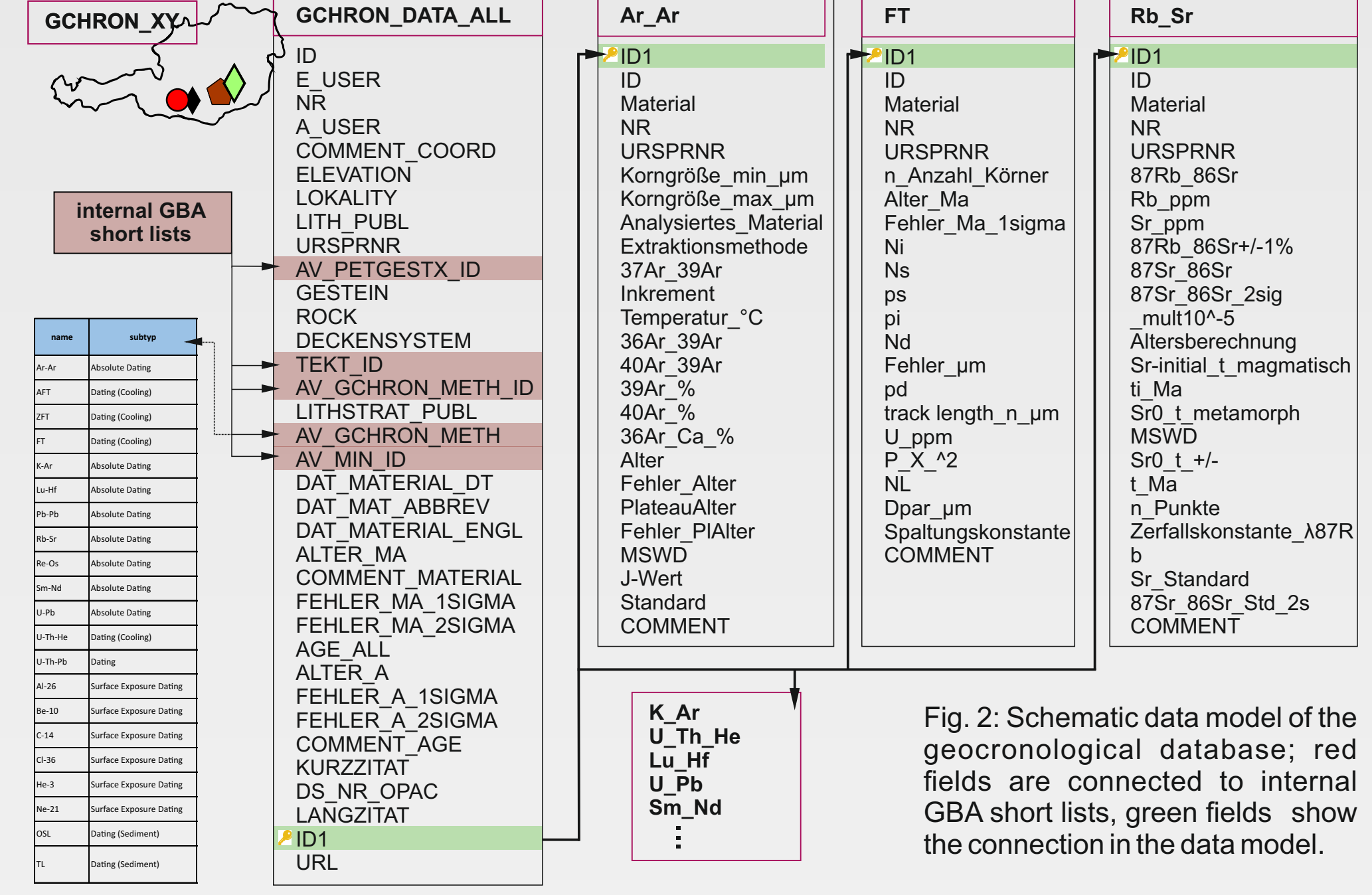


Fig. 2: Schematic data model of the geochronological database; red fields are connected to internal GBA short lists, green fields show the connection in the data model.

The data model is structured in different data tables, directly linked to a key table including the GCHRON numbers (ID1), which is linked to the coordinate and detailed information of the dated mineral, lithology, geological unit and the corresponding geochronological method. Detailed information for each method is provided in separate tables. Several results from single minerals and from different methods can be attributed to one GCHRON number. At this stage, 440 results from the U/Pb, Rb/Sr, Sm/Nd, K/Ar, Ar/Ar, Fission Track, U-Th/He and Lu/Hf dating of various minerals and whole rock material are included, associated to the method and dated material. Of course, calculated ages are also provided. In addition a link to the reference, to open access respectively free access publications in the library of the Geological Survey, is provided. At the present stage, data from around 24 publications have been processed.

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