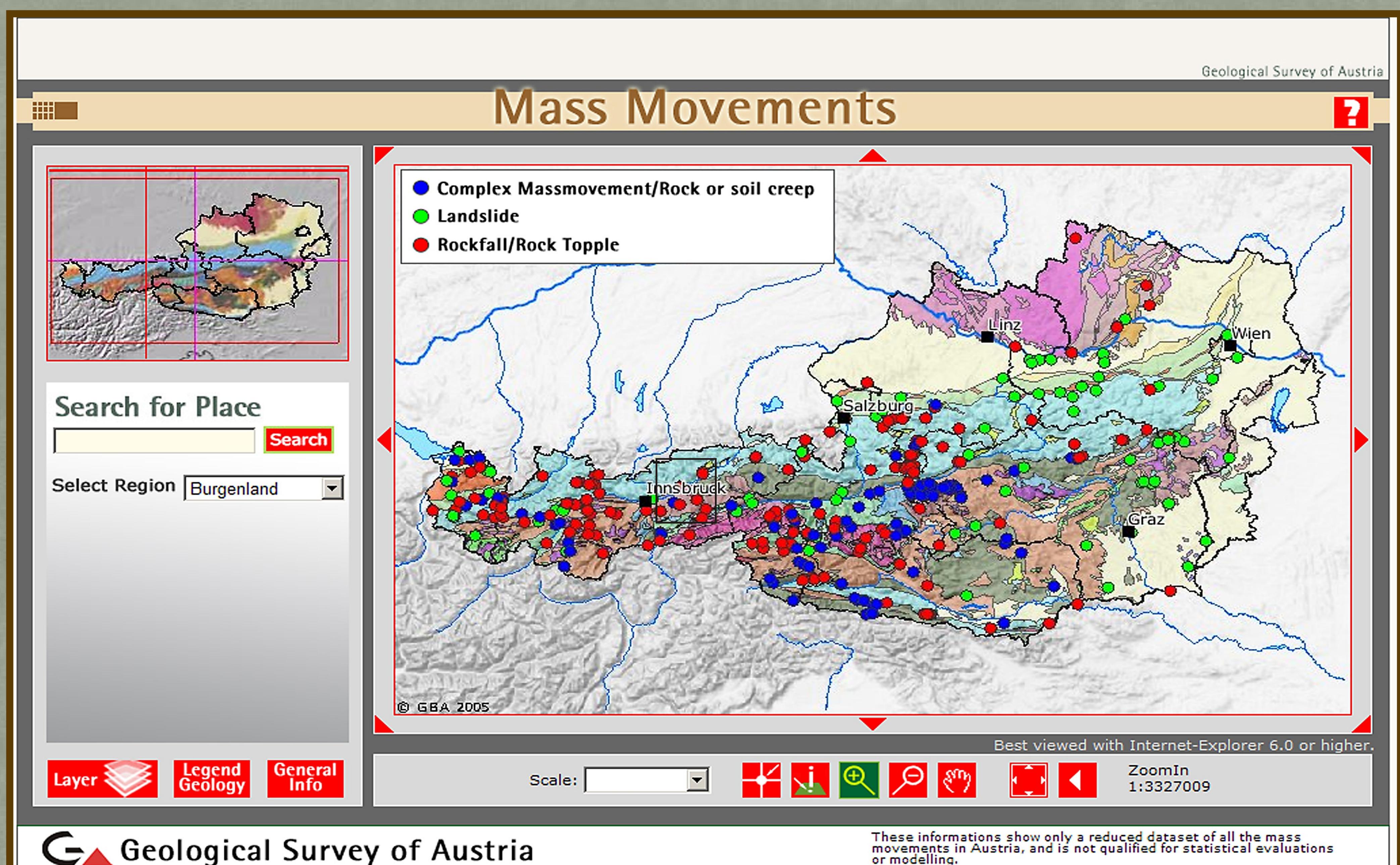


Kautz H., Tilch N., Reischer J., Kociu A. & Heim N.

Department of Engineering Geology, Geological Survey of Austria



Mass Movements

Eiblschrofen

source of literature:
u.a. Angerer H. 1999; Angerer H. u. Sauermoser S. 2000;
Angerer H. 2002; Bayer H. u. Gsell A. u. Hammer H. u.
Sauermoser S. u. Scheiber M. 2000; Brandner R. u. Reiter F. 2000; Lintner H. 2000; Marschallinger R. u. Stejskal Ch. 2001; Poisel R. u. Leithner W. u. Preh A. u. Rozh W. 2001;
Poisel R. u. Roth W., Preh A., Tentschert E. u. Angerer H. 2002; Roth W., Preh A. u. Poisel R. u. Hoffmann R. u.
Sauermoser S. 2002; Taraba B. 2001, TIWAG u. Weiser & Obex M. 2001, S

Internet-link:
u.a. http://www.wlv-austria.at/journal_archivartikel.php?ausgabe=18&tausgabe=5,
<http://www.schwaz.at/feuerwehr/bes.Einsaetze/1999/>

region/country of austria:
Tyrol

date/epoch of the event (?):
10.07.1999

type of massmovement:
Rockfall/Rock Topple

synonym name of object or locality:
Schwaz

Contact: Department of Engineering Geology

Subject to alterations. Data without guarantee.

[\[Enlarge Image\]](#)

Mass Movements

General information to the map

General Info

- Introduction
- Background of the map
- Goal of the map

Introduction

Due to the natural circumstances (e.g. topography, geology, climate) and the situation within the range of relatively young high mountains mass movements (slips i.w.S.) are a wide spread typical phenomena in Austria. Particularly by the dense population of the close alpine valleys and the increasing interferences into the natural equilibrium of the slopes (traffic facility construction, settlements, ski runways etc.) and in addition, due to the temporal variability of the climate and the weather conditions, an increasing potential of hazardous events by mass movements can be encountered.

Annually enormous economical damage results from mass movements in Austria and furthermore the existence of the human population are often threatened. This was recently confirmed in August 2005 in many regions of Austria. For example in the region of Styria, particularly in the municipalities of Haslau and Gasen.

Fig. 1: A house in the village of Gasen (Styria), destroyed at the night of 21. on the 22.08.05 by a small

Literature EIBLSCHROFEN

Traue, B. (2001) Modellierung des Verhaltes im Raum und Zeit des Eiblschrofens mittels 3DEC. Diplomarbeit TU Wien, BandHefte , Seiten , Erscheinungsort: 3DEC, Diplomarbeit TU Wien, BandHefte , Seiten , Erscheinungsort:

Angerer, H., Möhl, M. (2001) Ausweisung der gefährdeten Gebiete Eiblschrofen, unveröff. Bericht BMLFUW, BandHefte , Seiten , Erscheinungsort:

Angerer, H., Möhl, M. (2000) Alarmierungskette Katastrophenplan Eiblschrofen, unveröff. Bericht BMLFUW, BandHefte , Seiten , Erscheinungsort:

Angerer, H. (1999) Bauprogramm für Sofortmaßnahmen "Monitoring Eiblschrofen", unveröff. Projektbericht des BMLFUW, BandHefte , Seiten , Erscheinungsort:

Scheid, M., Grafinger, H., Poscher, O. (2001) Entwicklung und Einsatz eines automatischen Fernüberwachungssystems basierend auf einem Laserscanner (ALARIM), 11. Int. Geodätische Woche Oberösterreich, BandHefte , Seiten 203-213, Erscheinungsort:

GPA (2002) Eiblschrofen-Monitoring, Bericht 2002 , BandHefte , Seiten , Erscheinungsort:

Lintner, H. (2000) Eiblschrofen crisis management in Schwaz in: Living with natural hazards , BandHefte , Seiten , Erscheinungsort: Wien

Poisel, R., Roth, W., Preh, A., Tentschert, E., Angerer, H. (2002) The Eiblschrofen rock falls - interpretation of monitoring results of a complex rock structure, Proc. Of the 1st European conf. on Landslides 2002, BandHefte , Seiten 465-470, Eschre

Scheid, M., Angerer, H., Dölmüller, J., Poisel, R., Poscher, O. (2000) Multidisciplinary Monitoring Demonstrated in the Case Study of the Eiblschrofen Rockfall, Balkan

Contact INFO

The contact information is not provided in the image.

Legend Geology

The legend of geology is interactive and just shows elements in the extent. By click on the color the chosen unit is shown on the map.

Geology 1:500.000	
Glacier	
Quaternary	
Tertiary	
Jurassic - Eocene	
Cretaceous - Eocene	
Ybbstaler Cliffs	
Upper Cretaceous	
Triassic - Lower Cretaceous	
Permo-Scythian	
Older Paleozoic	
Quartzphyllite	
Carbonate Rock	
Basic Volcanic Rock	
Altkristall i.g.	
Marble	
Lake	

First collection of nearly all mass movements in Austria which are well known because of scientific or public interest

Explanation of "What is called a mass movement?"

Useful for everyday life and science

www.geologie.ac.at